

2012 Summit Health Community Health Needs Assessment

The purpose of the Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) is to identify the strengths, gaps, and opportunities in meeting the health and health care needs of individuals in our community.

Summit Health has aligned its goals and objectives with those of the Healthy People 2020, which are science-based, 10-year national objectives for improving the health of all Americans.

Working with key leaders within the community, four focus areas were identified: nutrition, education, access to healthcare, and mental health.

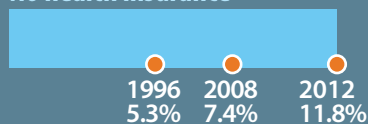
Our goal is to continue our collaboration with others in our community to improve the health and health care needs of our neighbors.

HEALTHY PEOPLE 2020 LEADING HEALTH INDICATOR TOPICS

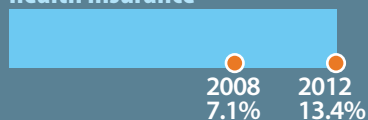
Access to Health Services

Health Insurance

No health insurance

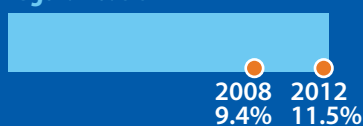


Children without health insurance



Dental

Did not visit dentist on regular basis

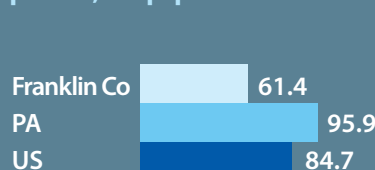


54.6% have dental insurance

- Younger than 65 (62.4%)
- 65 or older (23.9%)

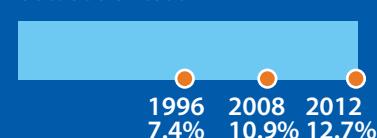
Access to Healthcare Provider

Primary Care Provider rate per 100,000 population



Prescription Drug Coverage

Did not fill prescription because of cost



82.1% have drug coverage

4.9% went without food or other purchases to get necessary prescriptions

Sources: Community Surveys; chna.org

Injury & Violence

2012 Motor vehicle crash death rate per 100,000 population



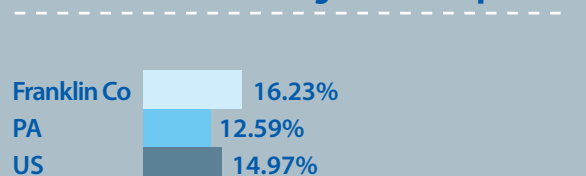
Texting while driving

- 19.3% are ages 18-24
- 36.2% are ages 25-34
- 22.4% household income of \$100K or more
- 19.7% Bachelor's degree or higher

Sources: Community Survey; PADOH

Education

Individuals with no high school diploma



Source: chna.org

Mental Health

Stress

59.3% Rated stress as *moderate, high, or very high* on a typical day

- Women, younger respondents and those with higher household incomes were more likely to have high stress
- Respondents with a chronic condition had higher levels of stress
- Those with high stress levels were more likely to have a depressive disorder
- Those with lower stress tended to exercise more frequently

Suicide death rate per 100,000 population



19.5% Depression rate in Franklin County

Women, younger respondents and those with lower household incomes were more likely to have a depressive disorder

Sources: Community Surveys; chna.org

Date released: 04/18/2013

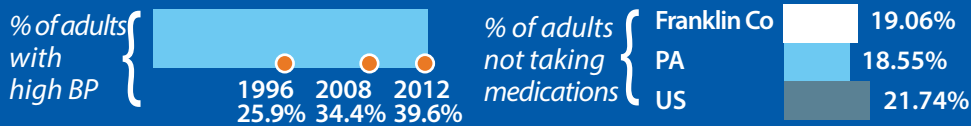
Clinical Preventive Services

Top Five Preventable Conditions in Franklin County

1 Heart Disease

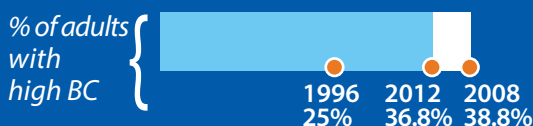


2 High Blood Pressure



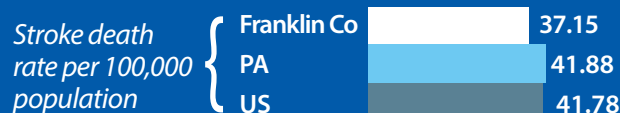
90.7% had blood pressure checked in last year

3 High Blood Cholesterol



66.1% had blood cholesterol checked in last year

4 Stroke



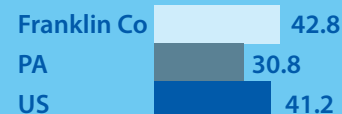
5 Diabetes



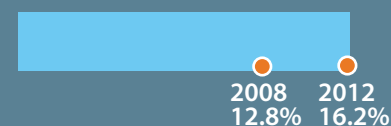
Sources: Community Surveys; chna.org; PADOH

Maternal, Infant, & Child Health

Teen mothers ages 15-19 per 1,000 births



Have at least one child with a behavioral condition, such as ADHD or autism



Have at least one child with a special physical, mental, learning, or emotional needs



19% Have at least one child with asthma

Sources: Community Surveys; chna.org; PADOH

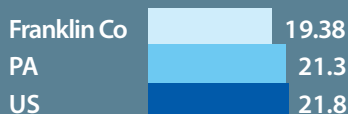
Nutrition, Physical Activity, & Obesity

Nutrition

Inadequate fruit & vegetable consumption (adults not eating recommended 5 servings a day)



Grocery store access (establishment rate per 100,000 population)



Population living in food deserts (people living in low income areas where a substantial number of residents have low access to a supermarket)



Physical Activity

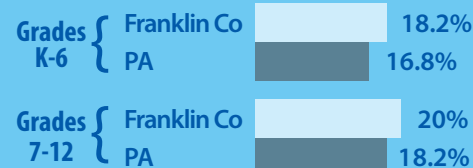
Percentage of physically inactive adults



Body Mass Index (BMI)



Children with BMI \geq 95th percentile (obese)



Sources: Community Surveys; chna.org; PADOH